

Synthesis of Deuterium- or Tritium-Labeled Acetylcholine

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Abstract—Halogenated acetylcholine precursors were synthesized. The prepared deuterium analogs of acetylcholine were characterized by HPLC and mass spectrometry. Uniformly tritium-labeled acetylcholine with the radiochemical purity of no less than 97–98% and molar radioactivity of 20–40 Ci mmol^{−1} was prepared at 190°C on a Lindlar catalyst. The molar radioactivity of [³H]acetylcholine allows using it for evaluating the specific binding on plasmatic membranes of striatum cells of intact rats by radioligand–receptor binding assay. Two sites of specific binding of acetylcholine, high-affinity (binding constant $K_d = 12 \text{ nmol L}^{-1}$, possible number of radioligand specific binding sites $B_{\max} = 3 \text{ pmol mg}^{-1}$) and low-affinity (binding constant $K_d = 72 \text{ nmol L}^{-1}$, possible number of radioligand specific binding sites $B_{\max} = 13 \text{ pmol mg}^{-1}$), were characterized.

Keywords: *acetylcholine, tritium, dehalogenation, radioligand–receptor binding assay*

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