

# Tendencies in Chemical Shifts in the $^{19}\text{F}$ NMR Spectra of Fluorine-containing Compounds

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**Abstract** - Anomalous tendencies in the  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR chemical shifts of certain fluorine-containing, primarily organofluorine, compounds are explained. The explanation is based on the “positive charge” concept, according to which in the a series of  $\text{Y}-\text{Z}-\text{M}$  molecules containing a positively charged atom Z (the Y and M atoms are more electronegative than Z) the ionicity of the Z–Y bond increases with increasing electronegativity of the M atom (atomic group).